

TAREA 4 – 8

Calcule el límite si es que existe usando la Regla de L'Hôpital.

$$1. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{2x}$$

$$2. \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{\sqrt{x-1}-2}{x^2-25}$$

$$3. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x^2-5x+2}{5x^2-7x-6}$$

$$4. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3-3x+2}{x^2-2x-1}$$

$$5. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x)-x}{\tan(x)-x}$$

$$6. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+1-e^x}{x^2}$$

$$7. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x-\sin(x)}{x^3}$$

$$8. \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1+\sin(x)}{\cos^2(x)}$$

$$9. \lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{\pi}{2})^-} \frac{2+\sec(x)}{3\tan(x)}$$

$$10. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2}{\ln(x)}$$

$$11. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln[\sin(x)]}{\ln[\sin(2x)]}$$

$$12. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - e^{-x} - 2\sin(x)}{x \sin(x)}$$

$$13. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cos(x) + e^{-x}}{x^2}$$

$$14. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2x^2+3x+1}{5x^2+x+4}$$

$$15. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x \ln(x)}{x + \ln(x)}$$

$$16. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^n}{e^x}, n > 0$$

$$17. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{\ln(x-1)}{(x-2)^2}$$

$$18. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan(x) - \sin(x)}{x^3 \tan(x)}$$

$$19. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^4-x^3-3x^2+5x-2}{x^4-5x^3+9x^2-7x+2}$$

$$20. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2e^{3x} + \ln(x)}{e^{3x} + x^2}$$